MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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SECTION 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION

MANUFACTURERS NAME W.M. BARR & COMPANY, INC.

ADDRESS 2105 Channel Ave. Memphis, TN 38113

EMERGENCY CONTACT W.M. Barr Technical Services EMERGENCY TELEPHONE #1 901-775-0100

EMERGENCY INFORMATION

"3E" 24 HOUR MEDICAL EMERGENCY #, 800 451-8346. SEE SECTION 5 FOR ADDITIONAL EMERGENCY INFORMATION

INVENTORY ITEM #

QKSW94341

PRODUCT NAME
KS PROJ STRPR AFTER WASH 1 QT

REVISED BY W.M. Barr Technical Services

REVISION DATE

TAGUAR A WATERER		AN ENGERRE					
SECTION 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS CARCINGGENICITY							
SUBSTANCE DESCRIPTION	PERCENT	Cas#	NTP ACGI	AH80 H	IARC		
ACETONE METHANOL XYLENE ** ABOVE INGREDIENT CONSISTS	15 - 25 25 - 35	1330-20-7	N N N N N N	N N N	N N N		
ETHYL BENZENE XYLENE	15- 20 80- 85	100-41-4 1330-20-7	N N N N	N N	N N		
SECTION 3. REGULATORY INFORMATION							
exposure limits/regulatory information							
SUBSTANCE DESCRIPTION	REG.AGCY U/M	TWA	STEL	CEIL	SKIN	PEL	
ACETONE	ACGIH PPM OSHA PPM	500.00 N/E	750.00 N/E	N/E N/E	N N	1000.00	
METHANOL	ACGIH PPM OSHA PPM	200.00 200.00	250.00 250.00	N/E N/E	¥	N/国 200.00	
XYLENE	ACGIH PPM OSHA PPM	100.00	150.00 150.00	N/E N/E	N N	N/E 100.00	
ETHYL BENZENE	acgih PPM Osha PPM	100.00 100.00	125.00 125.00	N/E N/E	N N	N/E 100.00	

100.00

150.00 150.00

N/E

XYLENE

ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFO
The time weighted average (TWA) value described herein is a threshold limit value (TLV) as established by ACGIH. The permissible exposure limit (PEL) is a value established by OSHA.

acgih Osha

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SECTION 3. REGULATORY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

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list: "Chemicals Known to the State to Cause Cancer or Reproductive Toxicity.

SEC. 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION The following information must be included in all MSDS that are copied and distributed for this material.

This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 (40CFR 372):

(UPPER LIMIT)	
ACETONE 55 67-64-1	
METHANOL 25 67-56-1	
XYLENE 35 1330-20	-7
ETHYL BENZENE 7 100-41-4	1
XYLENE 30 1330-20	-7

CLEAN AIR ACT

This formula contains no known ozone depleting chemicals.

HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD

This document is prepared in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). This MSDS contains thirteen (13) sections.

The following effects and/or symptoms are not expected to be experienced by persons who use this product properly and according to ALL instructions, precautions, and warnings; however, should the product user experience ANY questionable effects or symptoms,

the product user should immediately seek medical attention.

SECTION 4. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

INHALATION ACUTE EXPOSURE EFFECTS
Vapor harmful. High concentrations ma lead to central nervous system vapor narmuli. High concentrations ma lead to central nervous system effects, such as drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis and loss of consciousness and even death. Intentional inhalation or prolonged overexposure to high levels of vapors can produce abnormal behavior, convulsions, hallucinations, delerium, nervous system damage, serious disturbances of heart rhythm and sudden death. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage.

SKIN CONTACT ACUTE EXPOSURE EFFECTS
May cause mild skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry the skin. Symptoms include redness, burning, drying and cracking of skin, and skin burns. Material may be absorbed through the skin, and may add to toxic effects from breathing or swallowing.

EYE CONTACT ACUTE EXPOSURE EFFECTS
This material is an eye irritant. May cause irritation, with symptoms including stinging, tearing, redness, and swelling of the eyes.

INGESTION ACUTE EXPOSURE EFFECTS

May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. May cause dizziness; headache; drowsiness; nausea; weakness; stupor; irritation to mouth, throat and stomach; depression of the central nervous system; vomiting; muscle twitches; gastroinestinal irritation; diarrhea; loss of appetite; narcosis; red blood cell hemolysis; mental confusion; slurred speech; changes in white blood cells; fatigue; liver damage; kidney damage; heart damage; unconsciousness; convulsions; coma; and death. May produce additional symptoms

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SECTION 4. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (CONTINUED)

listed under inhalation. Liquid aspirated into lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema, which can be fatal.

CHRONIC EXPOSURE EFFECTS

CHRONIC BAFGBURE EFFECTS
Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with neurological and other physiological damage. prolonged skin contact may result in absorption of a harmful amount of this material. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause dermatitis. May cause weakness; skin irritation; nausea; numbness in hands and feet; permanent central nervous system changes; some loss of memory; bone marrow damage; liver damage; kidney damage; blood disorders; irregular heartbeat; jaundice; anemia; inflammation; redness; eye irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause drying and cracking of skin. Repeated overexposure may cause red blood cell hemolysis.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED

medical conditions aggravation Diseases of the skin; eyes; liver; kidneys; lungs; cardiovascular system; respiratory system; nervous system.

PRIMARY ROUTE OF EXPOSURE

Inhalation, ingestion, and dermal.

SECTION 5. FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION

If user experiences breathing difficulty, move to air free of vapors. Administer oxygen or artificial respiration until medical assistance can be rendered.

Wash with soap and large quantities of water and seek medical attention if irritation from contact persists.

EYE CONTACT

INTEGRAL CONTACT

Immediately flush with water, remove any contact lens, continue flushing eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

Call your poison control center, hospital emergency room or physician immediately for instructions to induce vomiting.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN
POISON. THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS METHANOL.
Methanol is metabolized to formaldehyde and formic acid. These metabolites may cause metabolic acidosis, visual disturbances and blindness. Since metabolism is required for these toxic symptoms, their onset may be delayed from 6 to 30 hours following ingestion. Ethanol competes for the same metabolic pathway and has been used as an antidote. Methanol is effectively removed by hemodialysis. This formula is registered with POISINDEX.

Call your local poison control center for further information.

SECTION 6. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

HAZARD RATING	eource	HMIA	nfpa
HEALTH		2	2
FLAMMABILITY		3	3
REACTIVITY		0	0
OTHER		G	NA

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SECTION 6. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES (CONTINUED)

FLASH METHOD

FLASH POINT

N/E C <20 degrees Farenheit

LOWER EXPLOSION LIMIT

GENERAL COMMENTS

OSHA FLAMMABILITY: Class IB

EXTINGUISHING METHOD

Use carbon dioxide, dry powder, or foam.

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES
Self-contained respiratory protection should be provided for fire fighters fighting fires in buildings or confined areas. Storage containers exposed to fire should be kept cool with water spray to prevent pressure build-up. Stay away from heads of containers that have been exposed to intense heat or flame.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS
DANGER! EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE. KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT, SPARKS, FLAME,
AND ALL OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. VAPORS MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE OR
IGNITE EXPLOSIVELY. VAPORS MAY TRAVEL LONG DISTANCES TO OTHER AREAS
AND ROOMS AWAY FROM WORK SITE. Do not smoke. Extinguish all flames and pilot lights, and turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors and all other sources of ignition anywhere in the structure, dwelling or building during use and until all vapors are gone from the work site. Keep away from electrical outlets and switches. Beware of static electricity that may be generated by synthetic clothing and other sources.

SECTION 7. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

CLEAN-UP

CLEAN-UP
Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry.
Stay upwind, out of low areas, and ventilate closed spaces before
entering. Shut off ignition sources; keep flares, smoking or flames
out of hazard area. SMALL SPILLS: take up liquid with sand, earth
or other noncombustible absorbent material and place in a plastic
container where applicable. LARGE SPILLS: dike far ahead of spill
for later disposal.

For transportation related spills contact Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300 for emergency assistance.

WASTE DISPOSAL

Dispose in accordance with applicable local, state and federal

SECTION 8. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry place. Do not store near flames or at elevated temperatures.

Read carefully all cautions and directions on product label before use. Since empty container retains residue, follow all label warnings even after container is empty. Dispose of empty container according to all regulations. Do not reuse this container.

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SECTION 9. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TRANSPORTATION

For D.O.T. information, contact ${\tt W.M.}$ Barr Technical Services Department.

SECTION 10. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

VENTILATION PROTECTION
USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION TO PREVENT BUILDUP OF VAPORS. USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION TO PREVENT BUILDUP OF VAPORS. Do not use in areas where vapors can accumulate and concentrate such as basements, bathrooms or small enclosed areas. Whenever possible, use outdoors in an open air area. If using indoors open all windows and doors and maintain a cross ventilation of moving fresh air across the work area. If strong odor is noticed or you experience slight dizziness, headache, nausea or eye-watering - STOP - ventilation is inadequate. Leave area immediately. IF THE WORK AREA IS NOT WELL VENTILATED, DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT. A dust mask does not provide protection against vapors. does not provide protection against vapors.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

For OSHA controlled work place and other regular users - Use only with adequate ventilation under engineered air control systems designed to prevent exceeding appropriate TLV. For occasional use, where engineered air control is not feasible, use properly maintained and properly fitted NIOSH approved respirator for organic solvent vapors. A dust mask does not provide protection against vapors.

SKIN PROTECTION

impermeable gloves. Gloves contaminated with product should be discarded. Promptly remove clothing that becomes solled with product.

EYE PROTECTION

Safety glasses, chemical goggles or face shields are recommended to safeguard against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury. Contact lenses should not be worn while working with chemicals.

OTHER PROTECTION

Various application methods can dictate use of additional protective various application methods can dictate use of additional protective safety equipment, such as impermeable aprons, etc., to minimize exposure. A source of clean water should be available in the work area for flushing eyes and skin. Do not eat, drink, or smoke in the work area. Wash hands thoroughly after use. Before reuse, thoroughly clean any clothing or protective equipment that has been contaminated by prior use. Discard any clothing or other protective equipment that cannot be decontaminated, such as gloves

SECTION 11. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

VOLATILE % N/E

BOILING POINT

N/E F

N/E C

VAPOR DENSITY (Air = 1.0) Heavier than air

EVAPORATION RATE Slower than ether

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SECTION 11. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

BULK DENSITY

1bs/gal at 75 F

ph factor n/e

PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE

MAX V.O.C.

811 grams per liter (excluding exempt solvents and water).

MAX VAPOR PRESSURE

130mm Hg at 20 degrees C

SECTION 12. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

INCOMPATIBILITIES

Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents; strong acids; avoid contact with reactive metals such as aluminum and magnesium.

Thermal decomposition may produce carbon monoxide; carbon dioxide; and other asphyxiants.

POLYMERIZATION will not occur.

STABILITY

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SECTION 13. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

IMPORTANT NOTE

IMPORTANT NOTE
The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations local laws and regulations.

LEGEND:

PPM = parts per million
MG/M3 = milligrams per cubic meter N/E or NE = none established N/B of NE - Note established
GT = greater than
N/A or NA = not applicable
TCC = tag closed cup
TCC = tag open cup
PMCC = Pensky-Martens closed cup
IDLH = Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health

END OF MSDS